

U.S. EFFORTS ON RWANDADiplomatic

- o Rawson team's just-completed trip to Burundi/Uganda to bolster Burundi, discuss relief needs/preparedness, enlist support for cease-fire in Rwanda, discuss UNAMIR expansion/logistics
- o OAU Summit: A/S Moose bilats with Burundi, Ugandan, and Tanzanian leaders; encouragement to Salim to call meeting of regional leaders, which put pressure on parties to agree to a cease-fire
- o Regular demarches to leadership of belligerent parties, here, in other capitals, and by phone, to stop killings and agree to a cease-fire
- o A/S Moose consultations with trilateral partners and EU
- o Active sponsorship of UN Human Rights Commission Special Session (May 24-25) which led to appointment of Special Rapporteur and human rights field officers
- o Leading role in pushing UN arms embargo, with diplomatic pressure to see that it is respected
- o Strong support/encouragement for regional leaders' efforts to revive Arusha process

Peacekeeping

- o Helped lay the groundwork for a humanitarian PKO, through Vice President Gore's meetings on margins of Mandela inauguration and A/S Shattuck trip through region
- o Supported expansion of UNAMIR to 5,500 with new mandate to protect threatened populations and relief efforts
- o Supported emergency French-led humanitarian intervention under UN auspices to protect populations until expanded UNAMIR can deploy
- o Sent teams up to New York to work with UN to finalize planning on new operation
- o Introduced June 8 resolution endorsing SYG's report, thereby paving way for deployment of additional troops
- o Leased 50 APC's to UN, with delivery already underway and expected to be completed by June 30.
- o Working closely with UN, and will work with other donors, to vet and respond to equipment requests

Humanitarian

- o Since April, the U.S. has provided \$94 million in humanitarian aid to affected populations in Rwanda, Burundi and other neighboring states.
- o DoD has made nearly 100 airlifts of food and relief supplies.
- o U.S. has dispatched a Disaster Assistance Response Team (DART) to the region (including two trips into northern Rwanda) to assess needs and speed up response.